



Name of Course: Criminal and Security Law	Type of Course: Choice Based Credit System(CBCS)
Year : One year LLM Course	Semester : 2 nd Semester
Subject Code : ALCPG2PCCL1	Subject: Doctrinal Research - Non-Doctrinal Research Along with Seminar and Conference and Workshop and Research Publication and Research Paper
W.E.F. : 2025-26	Teaching Hours : 30 Hours

Title of Course: Doctrinal Research – Non-Doctrinal Research along with Seminar and Conference and workshop and Research Paper and Research Publication

Teaching & Examination Scheme

Credit	Lec	Lab	Tut	Internal Marks			External Marks		Passing Marks	Passing Marks	Total Marks
				T	P	CE	T	P	Internal	External	Ext
2	2	-	-	20	20		50	10	16/40	24/60	40/100

Course Objectives:	<p>Doctrinal : Each student has to submit a doctrinal research work on the basis of the doctrinal research method taught in the legal research methodology by collecting secondary data from various sources collating with legal issues.</p> <p>Non-Doctrinal : Each student has to submit a non-doctrinal research on the basis of the non-doctrinal research method taught in the legal research methodology by collecting primary data using various methods of data collection from various sources collating with legal issues..</p> <p>Seminar and Conference and Workshop and Research Paper and Research Publication: The course aims to develop students' skills in presentation, critical thinking, academic discussion, and experiential learning through seminars, conferences, and workshops. It also seeks to build research aptitude by strengthening abilities in research design, data analysis, academic writing, research ethics, and publication in reputed journals.</p>
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Course Outcomes : Having completed this course, the learner will be able to	
Doctrinal	
1.	This subject will help the students to enhance their research, analytical and writing skills.
2.	Student could improve their analytical and cognitive abilities
3.	It will help student to use available published information for research work
Non- Doctrinal	
1.	To understand the importance of Socio Legal Research
2.	To understand the important aspects of Doctrinal and non-doctrinal
3.	To understand the Relevance of empirical research
4.	To understand the difference between Induction and deduction
Seminar and Conference and workshop and Research Paper and Research Publication	
1.	To develop skills in presentation, critical thinking, discussion, and independent learning through seminars.



2.	To provide exposure to research trends, networking, professional communication, and participation in conferences.
3.	To offer hands-on training, practical application of knowledge, teamwork, and problem-solving through workshops.
4.	To build abilities in research design, academic writing, ethics, and successful publication of research papers.

Research Module	Description
Doctrinal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Doctrinal research focuses on the analysis and development of legal doctrines and is often referred to as pure or traditional legal research. • It primarily relies on secondary sources such as statutes, case law, and regulations, with minimal use of qualitative or quantitative methods. • The method centers on analyzing legal concepts and propositions derived from authoritative legal sources. However, doctrinal analysis can also be combined with other approaches, such as qualitative analysis of statutory language.
Non-Doctrinal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-doctrinal research involves first-hand collection of data based on observation and experience, and is therefore often described as an experimental form of research. • It examines the actual impact and functioning of law and legal institutions within society through direct investigation. • Also known as socio-legal research, it uses methods from other disciplines to generate empirical data addressing legal, policy, or social issues. • Findings in non-doctrinal research may be qualitative or quantitative and can form part of large-scale research projects. • This approach allows analysis of law from interdisciplinary perspectives and supports law-making and reform. • The study uses both primary and secondary sources such as journals, books, newspapers, web portals, surveys, and questionnaires.
Tools of Doctrinal Research:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Textbook and Reference and Statutes and Legislation 2. Legal history. 3. Reports of Committees or Commission 4. Journals and Law Reports 5. Research Article 6. Judicial Decision 7. Law Reports. 8. Digital Library 9. Legal Software 10. International Conference and Treaties 11. Any information which is already published
Steps in Doctrinal Research Report:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Introduction 2. Statement of research problem. 3. Significance of the study 4. Objectives 5. Scope of the Research 6. Literature review 7. Hypotheses / Research Question. 8. Methodology of Research 9. Data Collection 10. Conclusions/Recommendations



	<ol style="list-style-type: none">11. Bibliography12. Appendix
<u>Doctrinal Research</u> must comply format:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Size of paper: A4.2. Margins: Top: 1”, Left: 1.5”, Right:1”and Bottom:1”.3. Paper quality: Normal Paper.4. Printing: printing on one side only with1.5 line spacing.5. Font: Times New Roman.6. Title/ Top and Inner first pages: Title of Project Report.7. Declaration by the Scholar.8. List of Cases9. Table of contents.
<u>Non-Doctrinal</u> Research Report:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1.Introduction (context and general background)2.Statement of research problem.3. Literature review4.Objectives5. Hypotheses/research question.6. Methods of Research7. Data Collection and analysis8.Discussion9.Mejors Findings10. Conclusions and Suggestion11. Bibliography12. Appendix
<u>Non-Doctrinal</u> Research must comply format:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Size of paper: A4.2. Margins: Top: 1”, Left: 1.5”, Right:1”and Bottom:1”.3. Paper quality: Normal Paper.4. Printing: printing on one side only with1.5 line spacing.5. Font: Times New Roman.6. Title/ Top and Inner first pages: Title of Project Report.7. Declaration by the Scholar.8. List of Cases9. Table of contents.
Research Fundamentals and Seminar and workshop and conference an d Research paper and Publication	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Meaning and Types of Research2. Research Problem Identification3. Literature Review (Journals, Conferences, Patents)4. Research Ethics & Plagiarism5. Reference Tools (APA / MLA)6. Seminar Topic Finalization7. Seminar Report Writing Format8. Presentation Skills (PPT, Body Language, Q&A)9. Peer Review10.Importance of Workshops11.Selection of Relevant Workshops (Online/Offline)12.Report Preparation13.Research Paper Structure (Abstract to References)14.Journal vs Conference Publications15.Indexing - UGC CARE16. Predatory Journals Awareness



Anand Law College
(An Autonomous Institute, Under UGC Regulation 2023)
Managed by Shri Ramkrishna Seva Mandal
SRKSM Campus, Near Electric Grid, Anand, Gujarat
(Affiliated to S. P. University & Approved by BCI, New Delhi)
NAAC Accredited, 'B++' Grade, CGPA 2.97 - 1st Cycle



The curriculum mandates student participation in **Seminars, Workshops, Research Publications, and Conferences** aligned with the course outcomes. Documentary evidence of participation or publication must be submitted, which shall be **evaluated and awarded marks** under Examination assessment in compliance with institutional and regulatory guidelines.
